This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claim 1 (currently amended): A solid-state imaging device 1 2 comprising: a pixel unit constituted by a two-dimensional array of 3 pixels for generating charge in correspondence to received 4 light and accumulating the charge for a predetermined 5 period of time; 6 7 a vertical transfer unit for vertically transferring charge from the pixels in the pixel unit, a horizontal 8 transfer unit for horizontally transferring charge from the 9 vertical transfer unit; 10 shift gates each provided between each pixel and the 11 vertical transfer unit for reading out the charge in the 12 pixels to the vertical transfer unit, gate electrodes for 13 controlling the shift gates; and 14 a plurality of lead lines for connecting the gate 15 electrodes to an external circuit and a plurality of 16 connection terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to 17 the external circuit, 18 the gate electrodes making up N of gate electrode 19 groups in which the lines belonging to each coset of 20 modulo N within successive pixel rows are connected to 21 common lead lines, N being a predetermined natural number 22 between 4 and one half the number of pixels in a column, 23 and N also being the minimum periodic unit of connections 24 from said gate electrodes to said connection terminals 25 within said successive pixel rows, the gate electrodes 26 having common connection terminals to 27

(i) reduce the number of the connection terminals to

28

29

less than N, and

- (ii) enable the gate electrodes having common
 connection terminals to be controlled with different
 timing from the timing of non-common connection
 terminals of the gate electrode groups.
- 1 Claim 2 (currently amended): A solid-state imaging device 2 comprising:
- a pixel unit constituted by a two-dimensional array of
- 4 pixels for generating charge in correspondence to received
- 5 light and accumulating the charge for a predetermined
- 6 period of time;
- 7 a vertical transfer unit for vertically transferring
- 8 charge from the pixels in the pixel unit, a horizontal
- 9 transfer unit for horizontally transferring charge from the
- 10 vertical transfer unit;
- shift gates each provided between each pixel and the
- 12 vertical transfer unit for reading out the charge in the
- 13 pixels to the vertical transfer unit, gate electrodes for
- 14 controlling the shift gates; and
- a plurality of lead lines for connecting the gate
- 16 electrodes to an external circuit and a plurality of
- 17 connection terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to
- 18 the external circuit,
- 19 gate control lines connected to gate electrode groups
- 20 in which horizontal lines belonging to each coset of modulo
- 21 N within successive pixel rows are connected commonly, N
- 22 being a predetermined natural number between 4 and one half
- 23 the number of pixels in a column, and N also being the
- 24 minimum periodic unit of connections from said gate
- 25 electrodes to said connection terminals within said
- 26 successive pixel rows, being combined with each other so as
- 27 to

- 28 <u>(i)</u> reduce the number of the connection terminals to
- 29 less than N, and
- 30 (ii) enable the gate electrodes having common
- 31 connection terminals to be controlled with different
- 32 timing from the timing of non-common connection
- terminals of the gate electrode groups.
 - 1 Claim 3 (currently amended): A solid-state imaging device
 - 2 comprising:
 - a pixel unit constituted by a two-dimensional array of
 - 4 pixels for generating charge in correspondence to received
 - 5 light and accumulating the charge for a predetermined
 - 6 period of time;
 - 7 a vertical transfer unit for vertically transferring
 - 8 charge from the pixels in the pixel unit, a horizontal
 - 9 transfer unit for horizontally transferring charge from the
- 10 vertical transfer unit;
- shift gates each provided between each pixel and the
- 12 vertical transfer unit for reading out the charge in the
- 13 pixels to the vertical transfer unit, gate electrodes for
- 14 controlling the shift gates; and
- a plurality of lead lines for connecting the gate
- 16 electrodes to an external circuit and a plurality of
- 17 connection terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to
- 18 the external circuit,
- 19 the gate electrodes being provided in a predetermined
- 20 number N of gate electrode groups such that horizontal line
- 21 number of the gate electrode groups which are connected to
- 22 respective common lead lines belong to each same residue
- 23 class of modulo N, N being a predetermined natural number
- 24 between 4 and one half the number of pixels in a column,
- 25 and N also being the minimum periodic unit of connections

- 26 from said gate electrodes to said connection terminals
- 27 within said successive pixel rows, some of the gate
- 28 electrode groups being commonly connected
- (i) so that the connection terminals are less in
- 30 number than N, and
- 31 (ii) to enable the gate electrodes having common
- 32 connection terminals to be controlled with different
- timing from the timing of non-common connection
- terminals of the gate electrode groups.
- 1 Claim 4 (currently amended): A solid-state imaging device
- 2 comprising:
- a pixel unit constituted by a two-dimensional array of
- 4 pixels for generating charge in correspondence to received
- 5 light and accumulating the charge for a predetermined
- 6 period of time;
- 7 a vertical transfer unit for vertically transferring
- 8 charge from the pixels in the pixel unit, a horizontal
- 9 transfer unit for horizontally transferring charge from the
- 10 vertical transfer unit;
- shift gates each provided between each pixel and the
- 12 vertical transfer unit for reading out the charge in the
- 13 pixels to the vertical transfer unit, gate electrodes for
- 14 controlling the shift gates; and
- a plurality of lead lines for connecting the gate
- 16 electrodes to an external circuit and a plurality of
- 17 connection terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to
- 18 the external circuit,
- 19 the gate electrodes making up N of gate electrode
- 20 groups in which the lines belonging to each coset of modulo
- 21 N within successive pixel rows are connected to common lead
- 22 lines, N being a predetermined natural number between 4 and

- 23 one half the number of pixels in a column, and N also being
- 24 a—the minimum periodic unit of connections from said gate
- 25 electrodes to said connection terminals within said
- 26 successive pixel rows, the gate electrode groups having
- 27 common connections to
- (i) reduce the number of the connection terminals to
- 29 less than N, and
- 30 (ii) enable the gate electrodes having common
- 31 connection terminals to be controlled with different
- timing from the timing of non-common connection
- terminals of the gate electrode groups,
- 34 wherein the commonly connected gate electrode groups
- 35 are always controlled in the same way in each of all
- 36 predetermined read-out modes including selective pixel
- 37 read-out modes by selective shift gate driving.
- 1 Claim 5 (currently amended): A solid-state imaging device
- 2 comprising:
- a pixel unit constituted by a two-dimensional array of
- 4 pixels for generating charge in correspondence to received
- 5 light and accumulating the charge for a predetermined
- 6 period of time;
- 7 a vertical transfer unit for vertically transferring
- 8 charge from the pixels in the pixel unit, a horizontal
- 9 transfer unit for horizontally transferring charge from the
- 10 vertical transfer unit;
- shift gates each provided between each pixel and the
- 12 vertical transfer unit for reading out the charge in the
- 13 pixels to the vertical transfer unit, gate electrodes for
- 14 controlling the shift gates; and
- a plurality of lead lines for connecting the gate
- 16 electrodes to an external circuit and a plurality of

- 17 connection terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to
- 18 the external circuit,
- 19 gate control lines connected to gate electrode groups
- 20 in which the horizontal lines belonging to each coset of
- 21 modulo N within successive pixel rows are connected
- 22 commonly, N being a predetermined natural number between 4
- 23 and one half the number of pixels in a column, and \underline{N} also
- 24 being the minimum periodic unit of connections from said
- 25 gate electrodes to said connection terminals within said
- 26 successive pixel rows, being combined with each other so as
- 27 to
- (i) reduce the number of the connection terminals to
- less than N, and
- 30 (ii) enable the gate electrodes having common
- 31 connection terminals to be controlled with different
- timing from the timing of non-common connection
- terminals of the gate electrode groups,
- 34 wherein the commonly connected gate electrode groups
- 35 are always controlled in the same way in each of all
- 36 predetermined read-out modes including selective pixel
- 37 read-out modes by selective shift gate driving.
- 1 Claim 6 (currently amended): A solid-state imaging device
- 2 comprising:
- a pixel unit constituted by a two-dimensional array of
- 4 pixels for generating charge in correspondence to received
- 5 light and accumulating the charge for a predetermined
- 6 period of time;
- 7 a vertical transfer unit for vertically transferring
- 8 charge from the pixels in the pixel unit, a horizontal
- 9 transfer unit for horizontally transferring charge from the
- 10 vertical transfer unit;

- shift gates each provided between each pixel and the vertical transfer unit for reading out the charge in the pixels to the vertical transfer unit, gate electrodes for controlling the shift gates; and

 a plurality of lead lines for connecting the gate electrodes to an external circuit and a plurality of connection terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to
- the external circuit, 18 the gate electrodes being provided in a predetermined 19 number N of gate electrode groups such that horizontal line 20 number of the gate electrode groups which are connected to 21 respective common lead lines belong to each same residue 22 class of modulo N, N being a predetermined natural number 23 24 between 4 and one half the number of pixels in a column, and N also being the minimum periodic unit of connections 25 from said gate electrodes to said connection terminals 26 within said successive pixel rows, some of the gate 27 electrode groups being commonly connected 28 (i) so that the connection terminals are less in 29
- number than N, and

 (ii) to enable the gate electrodes having common

 connection terminals to be controlled with different

 timing from the timing of non-common connection

 terminals of the gate electrode groups,

 wherein the commonly connected gate electrode groups
- wherein the commonly connected gate electrode groups are always controlled in the same way in each of all predetermined read-out modes including selective pixel read-out modes by selective shift gate driving.
 - 1 Claim 7 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
 - 2 device according to claim 4, wherein gate electrode groups
 - 3 controlled in each of all the predetermined read-out modes

- 4 are set such as to provide a minimum number of connection
- 5 terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to an external
- 6 circuit.
- 1 Claim 8 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device according to claim 5 wherein gate electrode groups
- 3 controlled in each of all the predetermined read-out modes
- 4 are set such as to provide a minimum number of connection
- 5 terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to an external
- 6 circuit.
- 1 Claim 9 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device according to claim 6 wherein gate electrode groups
- 3 controlled in each of all the predetermined read-out modes
- 4 are set such as to provide a minimum number of connection
- 5 terminals for connecting the gate electrodes to an external
- 6 circuit.

Claims 10 and 11 (canceled)

- 1 Claim 12 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 1 wherein at least two horizontal lines
- 3 belonging to the same pixel group but to different gate
- 4 electrode groups are connected to a common connection
- 5 terminal.
- 1 Claim 13 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 2 wherein at least two horizontal lines
- 3 belonging to the same pixel group but to different gate
- 4 electrode groups are connected to a common connection
- 5 terminal.

- 1 Claim 14 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 3 wherein at least two horizontal lines
- 3 belonging to the same pixel group but to different gate
- 4 electrode groups are connected to a common connection
- 5 terminal.
- 1 Claim 15 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 4 wherein at least two horizontal lines
- 3 belonging to the same pixel group but to different gate
- 4 electrode groups are connected to a common connection
- 5 terminal.
- 1 Claim 16 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 5 wherein at least two horizontal lines
- 3 belonging to the same pixel group but to different gate
- 4 electrode groups are connected to a common connection
- 5 terminal.
- 1 Claim 17 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 6 wherein at least two horizontal lines
- 3 belonging to the same pixel group but to different gate
- 4 electrode groups are connected to a common connection
- 5 terminal.
- 1 Claim 18 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 1 wherein only two connection terminals
- 3 connected to said vertical transfer unit are not connected
- 4 to any of the gate electrodes.
- 1 Claim 19 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 2 wherein only two connection terminals
- 3 connected to said vertical transfer unit are not connected
- 4 to any of the gate electrodes.

- 1 Claim 20 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 3 wherein only two connection terminals
- 3 connected to said vertical transfer unit are not connected
- 4 to any of the gate electrodes.
- 1 Claim 21 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 4 wherein only two connection terminals
- 3 connected to said vertical transfer unit are not connected
- 4 to any of the gate electrodes.
- 1 Claim 22 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 5 wherein only two connection terminals
- 3 connected to said vertical transfer unit are not connected
- 4 to any of the gate electrodes.
- 1 Claim 23 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 6 wherein only two connection terminals
- 3 connected to said vertical transfer unit are not connected
- 4 to any of the gate electrodes.
- 1 Claim 24 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 1 wherein connections from said gate
- 3 electrodes to said connection terminals within successive
- 4 pixel rows have a periodic repetition, and wherein N is the
- 5 minimum period of repetition.
- 1 Claim 25 (previously presented): The solid-state imaging
- 2 device of claim 1 wherein connections from said gate
- 3 electrodes to said connection terminals within successive
- 4 pixel rows exhibit a repeating pattern, and wherein N is
- 5 the minimum period of the repeating pattern.